

B17018

POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF FAMILIES BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF HOUSEHOLDER
Universe: Families
2011 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

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Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

		Alaska	
		Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:		173,279	+/-4,602
Income in the past 12 months below poverty level:		12,024	+/-1,704
Married-couple family:		3,842	+/-813
Less than high school graduate		860	+/-377
High school graduate (includes equivalency)		1,605	+/-552
Some college, associate's degree		984	+/-412
Bachelor's degree or higher		393	+/-321
Other families:		8,182	+/-1,485
Male householder, no wife present:		2,416	+/-849
Less than high school graduate		174	+/-82
High school graduate (includes equivalency)		831	+/-411
Some college, associate's degree		1,253	+/-695
Bachelor's degree or higher		158	+/-207
Female householder, no husband present:		5,766	+/-1,148
Less than high school graduate		1,038	+/-507
High school graduate (includes equivalency)		2,569	+/-880
Some college, associate's degree		2,024	+/-625
Bachelor's degree or higher		135	+/-121
Income in the past 12 months at or above poverty level:		161,255	+/-4,646
Married-couple family:		123,435	+/-4,083
Less than high school graduate		5,056	+/-995
High school graduate (includes equivalency)		26,434	+/-2,460
Some college, associate's degree		51,606	+/-3,701
Bachelor's degree or higher		40,339	+/-2,831
Other families:		37,820	+/-2,584
Male householder, no wife present:		13,328	+/-1,464
Less than high school graduate		1,183	+/-406
High school graduate (includes equivalency)		4,488	+/-856
Some college, associate's degree		5,874	+/-1,325
Bachelor's degree or higher		1,783	+/-641
Female householder, no husband present:		24,492	+/-2,226
Less than high school graduate		2,939	+/-711
High school graduate (includes equivalency)		5,767	+/-1,182
Some college, associate's degree		11,404	+/-1,567
Bachelor's degree or higher		4,382	+/-1,100

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2011 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2011 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.